

## Chemikalien-Verträglichkeitsliste für DENSORB Bindevliese

Chemikalie	Öl	Universal	Spezial	Chemikalie	Öl	Universal	Spezial
Acetaldehyd		●	●	Isobutylalkohol	●	●	●
Aceton	●	●	●	Isooctane	●	●	●
Acetylchlorid		●	●	Isopropyl Acetate	●	●	●
Acrylsäure		●	●	Isopropyl Alcohol	●	●	●
Allylalkohol		●	●	Kaliumhydroxid		●	●
Aminobenzoesäure			●	Karbolsäure			●
Ammoniak (wasserfrei)	●	●	●	Kerosin*	●	●	●
Ammoniumfluorid	●	●	●	Ketone	●	●	●
Ammoniumhydroxid	●	●	●	Kresol	●	●	●
Amylalkohol		●	●	Leinölsäure			●
Anilin		●	●	Leinsamenöl	●	●	●
Äther	●	●	●	Methylcellosolve	●	●	●
Benzaldehyd	●	●	●	Methylalkohol	●	●	●
Benzin	●	●	●	Methylamin	●	●	●
Benzoessäure			●	Methylchlorid	●	●	●
Benzol*	●	●	●	Methylenbromid	●	●	●
Benzylalkohol		●	●	Methylether	●	●	●
Blausäure	●	●	●	Methylethylketon	●	●	●
Borsäure		●	●	Methylisobutylketon	●	●	●
Bremsflüssigkeit	●	●	●	Methylmethacrylat	●	●	●
Brom*		●	●	Mineralöl	●	●	●
Butylacetat	●	●	●	Monoethanolamin	●	●	●
Butylalkohol	●	●	●	Morpholin	●	●	●
Butylglykol	●	●	●	Motoröl	●	●	●
Calciumhydroxid		●	●	Naphtha	●	●	●
Cellosolveacetat	●	●	●	Naphthalin	●	●	●
Chlorbenzol		●	●	Natriumbicarbonat		●	●
Chlornaphthalin	●	●	●	Natriumchlorid		●	●
Chloroform*	●	●	●	Natriumhydroxid		●	●
Chlorothene	●	●	●	Natriumhypochlorit		●	●
Chlorwasserstoffsäure			●	Natriumnitrat		●	●
Chromsäure (50%)			●	Natronlauge		●	●
Cyclohexan	●	●	●	Nitromethan	●	●	●
Dibutyl-Phthalat	●	●	●	Oktan	●	●	●
Diethylamin	●	●	●	Paraffin	●	●	●
Diethylether	●	●	●	Perchlorethylen*	●	●	●
Dimethylformamid	●	●	●	Phenol		●	●
Dimethylsulfoxid	●	●	●	Phosphorsäure			●
Diocetyl-Phthalat	●	●	●	Propanol		●	●
Essigsäure			●	Propionsäure			●
Ethylacetat	●	●	●	Propylalkohol	●	●	●
Ethylalkohol (Ethanol)	●	●	●	Propylenglykol	●	●	●
Ethylbenzol	●	●	●	Resorcin		●	●
Ethylchlorid*	●	●	●	Salpetersäure*			●
Ethylendichlorid	●	●	●	Salzsäure			●
Ethylenglykol		●	●	Schmieröl	●	●	●
Ethylether	●	●	●	Schwefelkohlenstoff		●	●
Ethylpropionat	●	●	●	Schwefelsäure*			●
Flugbenzin	●	●	●	Silbernitrat		●	●
Fluorwasserstoffsäure			●	Silikonöl	●	●	●
Flusssäure			●	Styrol	●	●	●
Formaldehyd		●	●	Terpentin*	●	●	●
Freon	●	●	●	Tetrachlorkohlenstoff	●	●	●
Furfural	●	●	●	Toluol*	●	●	●
Getriebeöl	●	●	●	Transformatoröl	●	●	●
Glycerin		●	●	Trichlorethylen*	●	●	●
Heizöl	●	●	●	Triethylenglycol	●	●	●
Hexan	●	●	●	Wasserstoffperoxid		●	●
Hydrazin		●	●	Xylol*	●	●	●
Hydrochinon	●	●	●	Zitronensäure			●
Isoamylacetat	●	●	●				

\*Diese Chemikalien reagieren mit Polypropylen und verursachen eine Zersetzung des Materials.